

Applic. No. 10/620,108

Amdt. dated August 31, 2007

Reply to Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment dated July 31, 2007

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Specification Amendments

AUG 31 2007

Replace the paragraph between lines 20-25 on page 1 of the specification with the following:

--With the increasing advent of cashless payment traffic and the ~~increasing information technological networking as far as~~ into increase of information network-technology even in individual households, such as e.g. in case of pay TV applications, there is an increasing demand for cryptographic algorithms in order to be able to perform digital signatures, authentications and encryption tasks. Known cryptographic algorithms comprise asymmetric encryption algorithms, such as e.g. the RSA algorithm, symmetric encryption processes, such as e.g. the ~~[[DSE]]~~ DES process, as well as processes based on elliptic curves.--

Replace the paragraph between page 2, line 30 and page 3, line 18 of the specification with the following:

--For protecting chip card terminal systems against criminal manipulations, specific protocols are employed between terminal and chip card, comprising e.g. mutual authentication as well as encryption and decryption operations making use of

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the cryptographic algorithms implemented in the cryptographic processor. A problem with conventional chip cards consists in that the algorithms used for the secret functions, e.g. for encryption, are fixedly provided on the chip card in the form of a fixed wiring and/or in stored form and thus are susceptible to being spied out by potential attackers. Spying out of cryptographic algorithms implemented in chip cards by an attacker comprises, for example, the chemical removal of the circuit structure of the cryptographic processor and the optical analysis of the exposed semiconductor structures. If an attacker, by way of the chip card in his possession, succeeds in obtaining the cryptographic algorithm implemented therein, the attacker will be in the position, due to his knowledge of the cryptographic algorithm and thus by the possibility of implementing the same, to carry out certain attacks against the chip card in order to obtain the secret data, such as the secret key or other data of crucial security of the chip card. When the underlying cryptographic algorithm is known, the attacks have a [[by]] far greater chance of success, and consequently the security chain of the chip card traffic is at risk.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 20-34 on page 3 of the specification with the following:

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--With conventional chip cards, the problem of spying out is counteracted merely by specific hardware processes or technologies, such as by the hidden contact process. In case of this process, attempts are made to prevent the optical analysis of removed semiconductor structures and thus a conclusion to the underlying electronic circuit by means of hidden contacts and by the use of specific layout libraries for the underlying gates, in which different gates, such as AND gates and OR gates, differ from each other merely by different doping. These hardware concealing measures indeed increase the expenditure for finding out the underlying cryptographic algorithms for the potential attacker, but on the other hand also increase ~~also~~ the circuitry and design expenditure, the chip area and thus the costs of the cryptographic processor and the chip card, respectively.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 14-29 on page 4 of the specification with the following:

-- In accordance with a first ~~aspect~~ object of the invention, this ~~aspect~~ object is achieved by a security module for use with a terminal, comprising a data interface adapted to be coupled to a terminal, for receiving at least part of an algorithm code or of the complete algorithm code from the

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terminal, with the algorithm code concerning a processing of secrets,

an ~~energy~~ power interface for receiving supply ~~energy~~ power from the terminal; a volatile memory for storing the part of the algorithm code or the complete algorithm code received via the data interface, said volatile memory being coupled to the ~~energy~~ power interface in order to have ~~energy~~ power supplied thereto such that the same will be cleared upon an interruption of the receipt of the supply ~~energy~~ power from the terminal; and a processor for performing the algorithm code in order to obtain an algorithm code result that can be delivered to the terminal.--

Replace the paragraph between page 4, line 31 and page 5, line 13 of the specification with the following:

-- In accordance with a second ~~aspect~~ object of the invention, this ~~aspect~~ object is achieved by a terminal for use with a security module, comprising: a data interface adapted to be coupled to the security module, for transmitting at least part of an algorithm code or the complete algorithm code from the terminal to a volatile memory of the security module and for receiving the algorithm code result from the security module, with the algorithm code concerning a processing of secrets; and ~~an energy~~ a power interface for delivering supply ~~energy~~

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power to the security module, with the volatile memory being supplied by the supply energy power, such that the same will be cleared upon an interruption of the receipt of the supply energy power from the terminal, with the terminal, for each communication operation between terminal and security module during one and the same communication operation with the security module, being designated to send at least the part of the algorithm code or the complete algorithm code to the volatile memory of the security module; and, subsequently, during the further communication process, receive the algorithm code result from the security module.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 15-31 on page 5 of the specification with the following:

--In accordance with a third ~~aspect~~ object of the invention, this ~~aspect~~ object is achieved by a process for computing an algorithm code result using a security module, comprising the steps of: receiving at least part of an algorithm code or the complete algorithm code by means of an energy interface, with the algorithm code concerning a processing of secrets; volatile-storing said part of the algorithm code or said complete algorithm code in a volatile memory of the security module, with the volatile memory being coupled to the energy interface, to be supplied with energy power, such that the

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same will be cleared upon an interruption of the receipt of the supply energy power from the terminal: performing said algorithm code on the security module in order to obtain an algorithm code result; delivering said algorithm code result to the terminal; and clearing said volatile memory upon an interruption of the receipt of the supply energy power from the terminal.--

Replace the paragraph between page 5, line 33 and page 6, line 11 of the specification with the following:

--In accordance with a fourth aspect of the invention, this aspect object is achieved by a process for controlling a security module using a terminal in order to obtain an algorithm code result from the security module, with the process comprising for each communication operation, performing the following steps during one and the same communication operation with the security module: delivering supply energy power from the terminal to the security module; transmitting at least part of an algorithm code or the complete algorithm code from the terminal to a volatile memory of the security module; with the algorithm code concerning a processing of secrets, with the volatile memory being supplied by the supply energy power, such that the same will be cleared upon an interruption of the receipt of the supply energy power

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from the terminal; and receiving the algorithm code result from the security module.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 13-28 on page 6 of the specification with the following:

--In accordance with a fifth ~~aspect~~ object of the invention, this ~~aspect~~ object is achieved by a process for communication between a security module and a terminal, comprising the steps of: transferring at least part of an algorithm code or the complete algorithm code from the terminal to the security module, with the algorithm code concerning a processing of secrets; volatile-storing said part of the algorithm code or said complete algorithm code in a volatile memory of the security module, with the volatile memory being supplied by the supply ~~energy~~ power, such that the same will be cleared upon interruption of the receipt of the supply ~~energy~~ power from the terminal; performing said algorithm code on the security module in order to obtain an algorithm code result; delivering said algorithm code result to the terminal; and clearing said volatile memory upon an interruption of the receipt of the supply ~~energy~~ power from the terminal.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 18-38 on page 7 of the specification with the following:

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--According to the invention, a security module, such as a chip card, comprises a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) in the form of a computer plug-in module or a smart card, for use with a terminal in addition to a data interface adapted to be coupled to the terminal and receiving from the terminal at least part of the algorithm code or the complete algorithm code, ~~an energy~~ a power interface receiving supply ~~energy~~ power, as well as a volatile memory for storing the part of the algorithm code received via the data interface or of the complete algorithm code received, with the volatile memory being coupled to the ~~energy~~ power interface in order to have ~~energy~~ power supplied thereto. A processor performs the algorithm code in order to obtain an algorithm code result that can be delivered to the terminal. The ~~not-received~~ remainder of the algorithm code not having been received may be stored, for example, in a non-volatile memory, such as a ROM, of the security module. If there is not sufficient supply ~~energy~~ power present, there is thus no complete algorithm code contained in the non-volatile memory of the security module, and consequently there is no complete algorithm code available to be run by a potential attacker.--

Replace the paragraph between page 7, line 40 and page 8, line 13 of the specification with the following:

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--A terminal suitable for use with the security module described hereinbefore, such as e.g. an automatic cash dispenser, a mobile telephone with card reader, a pay TV decoder or a computer having a plug-in place for a TPM, comprises for example a data interface that is adapted to be coupled to the security module and transmits the part of the algorithm code or the complete algorithm code from the terminal to the volatile memory of the security module and receives the algorithm code result from the security module, as well as ~~an energy~~ a power interface delivering the supply ~~energy~~ power to the security module.--

Replace the paragraph between page 8, line 15 and page 9, line 8 of the specification with the following:

-- According to a specific embodiment, an authentication, such as an authentication according to the challenge and response scheme, is carried out between the terminal and the security module during a communication between terminal and security module. The transfer of the algorithm code from the terminal to the security module is carried out in encrypted and certified form in order to counteract eavesdropping and manipulation of the communication connection between terminal and security module. The terminal or the security module to

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this end contains suitable means for performing authentication, encryption and decryption as well as certification and certification examination, respectively. For increased security and for effectively preventing access of a potential attacker to the transferred part of the algorithm code, the security module may have in addition a monitoring means which, if predetermined security conditions are fulfilled, clears the volatile memory. Such security conditions may comprise the interruption, an irregularity and a fluctuation in the supply voltage and/or the processor or system clock or other operating parameters as they may be effected by manipulation of the security module while the latter interacts with the terminal. In the event that the monitoring means has not effected preliminary clearing of the memory, the volatile memory and thus the part stored of the algorithm code is cleared at the latest upon termination of the communication between terminal and security module or upon interruption of the supply ~~energy~~ power, respectively, such as e.g. by withdrawal or removal of the security module from the terminal, whereby this part of the algorithm code is no longer available to a potential attacker for ~~performing in the scope~~ of being run within specific attacks.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 10-24 on page 9 of the specification with the following:

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-- In order to further reduce the attackability of the system, it may be provided to transfer the part of the algorithm code from the terminal to the security module intermittently in modified form and repeatedly and, in doing so, to store each time the newly transferred, altered part of the algorithm code in the volatile memory instead of the old stored part of the algorithm code. This renders possible changes in a cryptographic algorithm during the communication between terminal and security module, such as e.g. in case of pay TV applications, but also changes in the algorithm code each time upon initialization of a terminal-security module communication, such as e.g. in case of credit cards, whereby it is further aggravated for a potential attacker to adjust ~~to, or~~ find out [[,]] the algorithm code employed.--

Replace the paragraph between page 9, line 26 and page 10, line 13 of the specification with the following:

--In addition to protecting the algorithm code of the security module against spying out by a potential attacker, an additional advantage of the present invention consists in that it is applicable to a multiplicity of application fields, such as e.g. EC (Electronic Cash) cards, credit cards, multi-application cards or pay TV smart cards. Depending on the

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particular application, the algorithm code or security function code received by the security module contains parts of a code for functions of crucial security or one or more cryptographic algorithms of the security module. For chip card producers or producers of security modules, the versatile applicability as well as the enhanced security against potential attacks means increased acceptance in the market and thus an increased market share. In addition thereto, the security of the security module is increased in inexpensive manner as the increased security is achieved by software loading of the volatile memory. The conventional and complex hardware measures for protecting the algorithm code against potential attackers, as described hereinbefore, may either be carried out in addition or be replaced by less expensive hardware techniques since the functions of crucial security or the underlying cryptographic algorithm of the security module are not permanently provided on the chip card.--

Replace the paragraph between page 10, line 38 and page 11, line 15 of the specification with the following:

-- It is pointed out that the following detailed description of specific embodiments of the present invention refers to chip card applications by way of example only, and that the present invention is also applicable to other security

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modules, such as TPMs in the form of plug-in ~~eards~~ boards; the following description may easily be transferred to such applications. Accordingly, the following description also refers to terminals for chip cards, such as e.g. cash dispensing machines, by way of example only, although a terminal according to the present invention, in other fields of application, may also be a computer, for example, having a TPM in the plug-in ~~spaces~~ slots thereof, or a mobile telephone with a smart card in the card reader thereof, or the terminal may generally be an arbitrary apparatus capable of communicating with the security module.--

Replace the paragraph between page 11, line 38 and page 12, line 15 of the specification with the following:

--The steps illustrated in Fig. 1 have the prerequisite that a communication is already possible between the terminal and the chip card which, for example, may be the case upon introduction of the chip card into the terminal; in this regard, the terminal 20 may be a contactless or contact terminal, and the communication connection thus may take place without contact or via a contact. It is necessary furthermore for communication that chip card 10 be supplied with energy power from terminal 20, which may also be carried out in contactless manner via electromagnetic radiation or via a

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contact. After the communication connection between terminal 20 and chip card 10 has been established and supply energy power has been supplied to chip card 10, initializing steps may be carried out first, such as e.g. the mutual agreement on the relevant protocol etc.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 17-36 on page 12 of the specification with the following:

-- After the steps (not shown) of supplying energy power to the chip card 10, establishing the communication connection as well as initializing the communication between terminal 20 and chip card 10, mutual authentication between terminal 20 and chip card 10 is carried out in a step 30, e.g. an authentication in accordance with the challenge and response process. The mutual authentication may comprise, for example, the inputting of a PIN (Personal Identification Number) by the card user, in which the mutual authentication 30 makes use, for example, of chip card-specific data stored on the chip card 10, such as e.g. a chip card identification number and a personal identification number, in connection with a chip card key stored on the chip card as well as an authentication code stored on the chip card and representing a cryptographic algorithm, such as e.g. a symmetric or an asymmetric cryptographic algorithm. The authentication serves to make

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sure that only admitted chip cards may communicate with admitted terminals. If the authentication yields an error, the communication connection is terminated.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 22-32 on page 13 of the specification with the following:

-- In case the certificate examination reveals that the certificate lacks genuineness, the communication between terminal 20 and chip card 10 is interrupted, and there may be provisions made that the chip card 10 ~~does not~~ longer carry out ~~processings~~ operates for a predetermined period of time. It is thus avoided that a potential attacker taps the communication connection between terminal 20 and chip card 10 and enters a "false" code to the volatile memory of the chip card 10 which, upon performing by the chip card 10, could effect the outputting of secret data stored on chip card 10, for example.--

Replace the paragraph between page 13, line 34 and page 14, line 21 of the specification with the following:

-- If the certificate examination revealed the genuineness of the certificate, the transferred part of the algorithm code is then stored, in a step 50, in a volatile memory of chip card

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10 either in encrypted or in decrypted form. Depending on encrypted or decrypted storage, the algorithm code is decrypted before storage thereof or before ~~performing~~ execution by a cryptographic processor on chip card 10. The algorithm code having a part thereof transferred in step 40 may comprise the program code of one or a plurality of functions of crucial security of the chip card 10, such as e.g. a debiting or crediting function for charging or discharging the chip card 10, or the program code for performing a cryptographic algorithm necessary during the further communication sequence, such as e.g. a symmetric or asymmetric cryptographic process, an RSA algorithm, encryption according to the DES ~~standard~~, an elliptic curve process or another secret algorithm, however without restriction to these examples. In the event of a pay TV application, the algorithm code comprises, for example, information with respect to decryption of the television data of a chargeable program, such as e.g. the repermuation of the image lines of an image of the television data. Consequently, the algorithm code to be protected is present in complete form on chip card 10 only during the time of execution of the communication between terminal 20 and chip card 10.--

Replace the paragraph between page 14, line 39 and page 15, line 27 of the specification with the following:

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-- In a step 70, the part of the algorithm code stored in the volatile memory is cleared again. Clearing of the algorithm code may be effected, for example, by taking out the chip card 10 from terminal 10 by the card user and by thus interrupting the delivery of supply ~~energy~~ power from terminal 20 to chip card 10. ~~For preventing attempts of~~ In order to prevent potential attackers ~~to protect~~ from protecting the volatile memory, e.g. a RAM, ~~against loss of~~ from losing the stored part of the algorithm code[[,]] (whereby -if successful, these would come into possession of the complete algorithm code), the chip card 10 may have a specific monitoring means provided thereon which effects active clearing of the volatile memory of the chip card 10 also ~~if~~ in case a monitoring operation reveals that specific security conditions are fulfilled, such as interruption of the system clock, the interruption of the delivery of supply ~~energy~~ power or other indications for a possible attack, such as voltage fluctuations or the like. Consequently, the algorithm code, after utilization of the chip card 10 in the terminal 20 or interference with the communication sequence, is no longer present on chip card 10 and thus is no longer exposed either to potential attacks and spying out by potential attackers. An attacker in possession of the chip card cannot carry out security computations on the basis of the complete algorithm code since the latter is not

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completely in the range of access of the attacker. The spying out of keys or algorithms is thus effectively prevented.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 18-35 on page 17 of the specification with the following:

-- With reference to Fig. 2 and Fig. 3, possible embodiments for the construction of a chip card and a terminal, respectively, will be described hereinafter. Fig. 2 shows a block diagram of a chip card generally designated 100. Chip card 100 comprises a data interface 110, ~~an energy~~ a power interface 120, a RAM 130, a processor 140 and a ROM 150. The data interface 110 is adapted to be coupled to a terminal (not shown) for example via a contactless coupling or via a contact and is capable of transmitting data from the chip card to the terminal and, vice versa, of receiving data from the terminal. The data interface 110 is connected to processor 140 whereby the data to be transmitted and received can be transmitted to and from processor 140, respectively. The ~~energy~~ power interface 120 is adapted to be coupled to the terminal as well in order to obtain from the terminal supply ~~energy~~ power in the form of, for example, electromagnetic ~~energy~~ power or a supply voltage. ~~Energy~~ Power interface 120 distributes the supply ~~energy~~ power to the processor 140 and the RAM 130.--

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Replace the paragraph between page 18, line 37 and page 19,
line 19 of the specification with the following:

--Fig. 3 shows a block diagram illustrating the terminal construction in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. The terminal, generally designated 200, comprises a data interface 210, an energy power interface 220, a processor 230 connected to data interface 210 and energy power interface 220, as well as a memory 240 connected to processor 230. The data interface 210 is adapted to be coupled to the data interface of a corresponding chip card in order to carry out a data exchange between the terminal 200 and the chip card (not shown). The energy power interface 220 is also adapted to be coupled to an energy power interface of the particular chip card in order to deliver supply energy power thereto. Processor 230 controls, for example, the sequence of operations during communication of terminal 200 with the chip card and performs, for example, the initialization, authentication, the encryption of the algorithm code to be transferred, which is stored in memory 240, the certification thereof as well as the transfer of the encrypted and certified algorithm code to the data interface 210 for transfer thereof to the chip card.--

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Replace the paragraph between page 19, line 27 and page 20,
line 7 of the specification with the following:

-- With respect to the preceding description, it is pointed out that the same has referred to specific embodiments only. The mutual authentication and the encryption of the part transferred of the algorithm code as well as the certification may be omitted in specific applications, for example. Due to the very measure according to the invention, that at least part of the algorithm code is stored in a volatile memory of the chip card, it is rendered very difficult for a potential attacker to perform functions of crucial security of the chip card, such as e.g. encryption algorithms and access functions to chip card specific information, such as a balance etc., since these are not permanently stored on the chip card and thus are not in the possession of the potential attacker, but rather are lost if supply ~~energy~~ power is no longer received. The attempt of protecting the volatile memory against loss of this function turns out to be very difficult and may be deemed to be not realizable in practical application.--

Replace the paragraph between lines 20-37 on page 20 of the specification with the following:

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-- A current possibility of realization of the present invention consists, for example, in the processor of product family SLE66CX320P of the company Infineon AG, which by way of an MMU (MMU = Memory Management Unit) renders possible to run a code stored in a RAM in that it controls memory access operations to the RAM. In the simplest case, ~~already~~ even the transfer of only encrypted jump addresses or memory addresses from the terminal to the chip card would effectively prevent that a "native code" or machine code can be loaded by a potential attacker. ~~Already~~ Even with such a simple realization of the present invention, an attacker would not be able to perform the security computations in the chip card, since the jump addresses and thus the sequences would be unknown. This idea may be imparted to a customer of such a component by drafting an application note, thereby increasing the security of the application with corresponding realization thereof in the controller software of the chip card and in the terminal software.--

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Replace the Abstract of the disclosure with the following:

--A security module for use with a terminal comprises a data interface adapted to be coupled to a terminal, for receiving at least part of an algorithm code or the complete algorithm code from the terminal, as well as an energy power interface for receiving supply energy power. A volatile memory coupled to the energy power interface in order to have energy power supplied thereto stores the part of the algorithm code or the complete algorithm code received via the data interface, with a processor performing the algorithm code in order to obtain an algorithm code result that can be delivered to the terminal. Due to the storing of at least part of an algorithm code in the volatile ~~memory~~of memory of the security module, according to the invention, the algorithm code of the security module is effectively protected against spying out by a potential attacker.--

Fig. 2--